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Address Supporting Organization

**“How It Works”**

# The Regional Internet Registry System

IP Address Allocation



## Agenda

- Overview of the Regional Internet Registry System (RIR)
- Internet Number Resources (IPv4, IPv6 and ASNs)
- Routing
- Development since IPv4 Depletion
  - IPv4 Depletion
  - IPv6 Transition
  - IPv4 transfer market
- Resource Public Key Infrastructure

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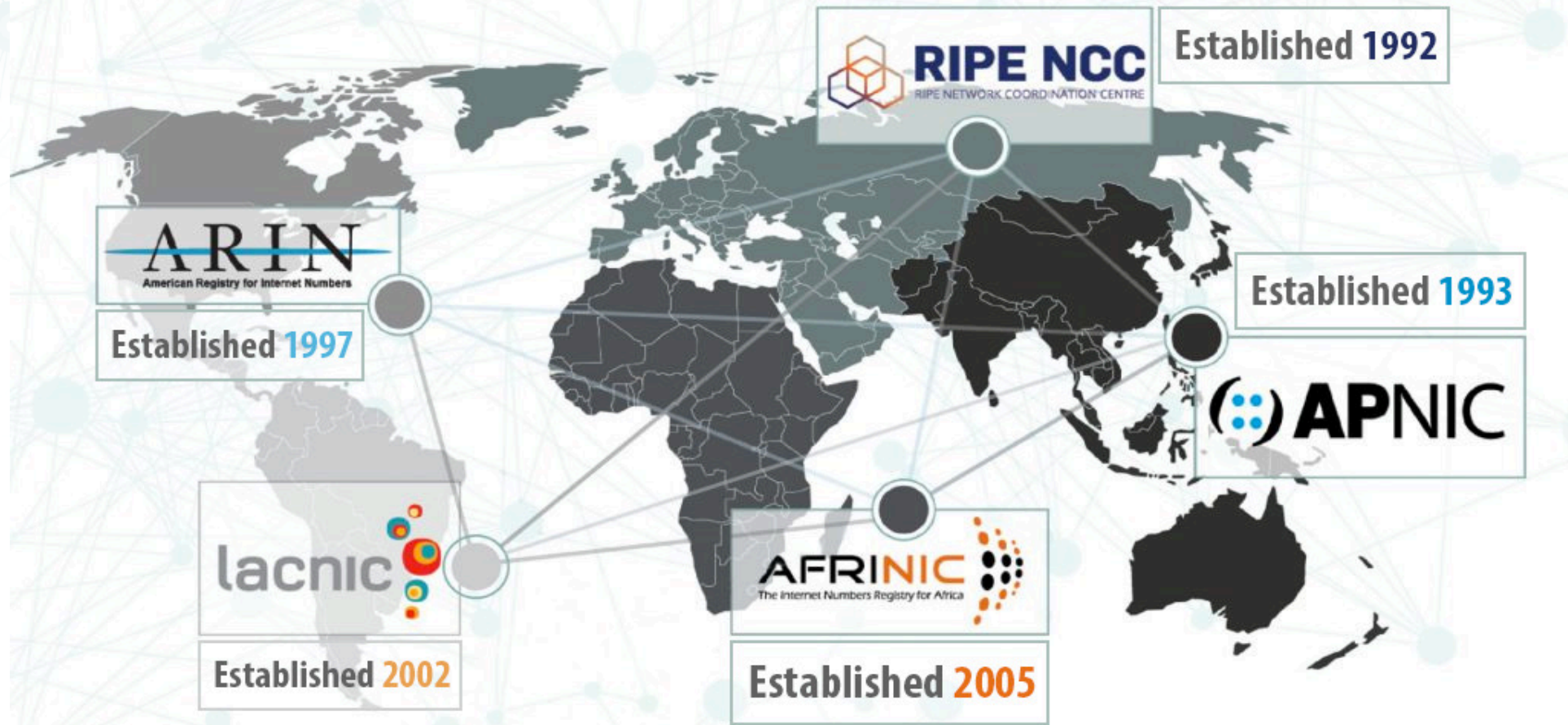
# The Regional Internet Registry (RIR) System

# What is an RIR?

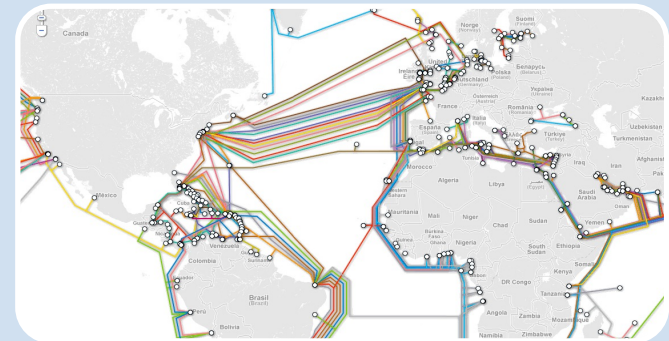
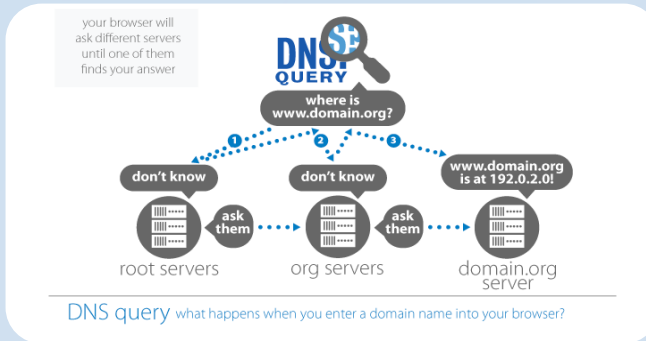
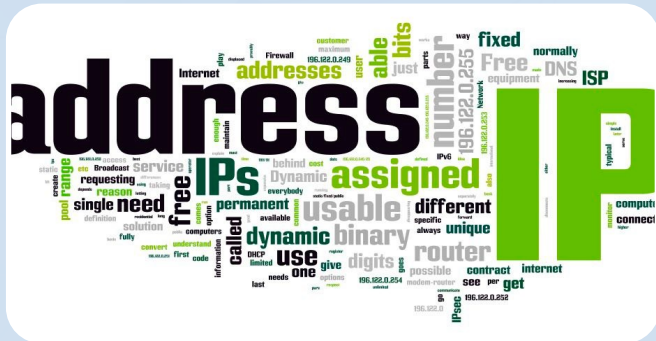
*A Regional Internet Registry (RIR) manages the allocation and registration of Internet number resources in a particular region of the world and maintains a unique registry of all IP numbers issued.*

*\*Number resources include IP addresses (IPv4 and IPv6) and autonomous system (AS) numbers*

## Who Are the RIRs?



## Core Functions of an RIR



Manage and distribute Internet Number Resources (IPv4 & IPv6 addresses and Autonomous System numbers (ASNs))

- Maintain directory services including Whois, WhoWas, and routing registries
- Provide reverse DNS

Support Internet infrastructure through:

- Technical coordination
- Community driven policy process
- Training & capacity building

## The RIRs are...

**Independent**

- Self-governed

**Not-for-profit**

- 100% community funded
- Fee for services, not number resources

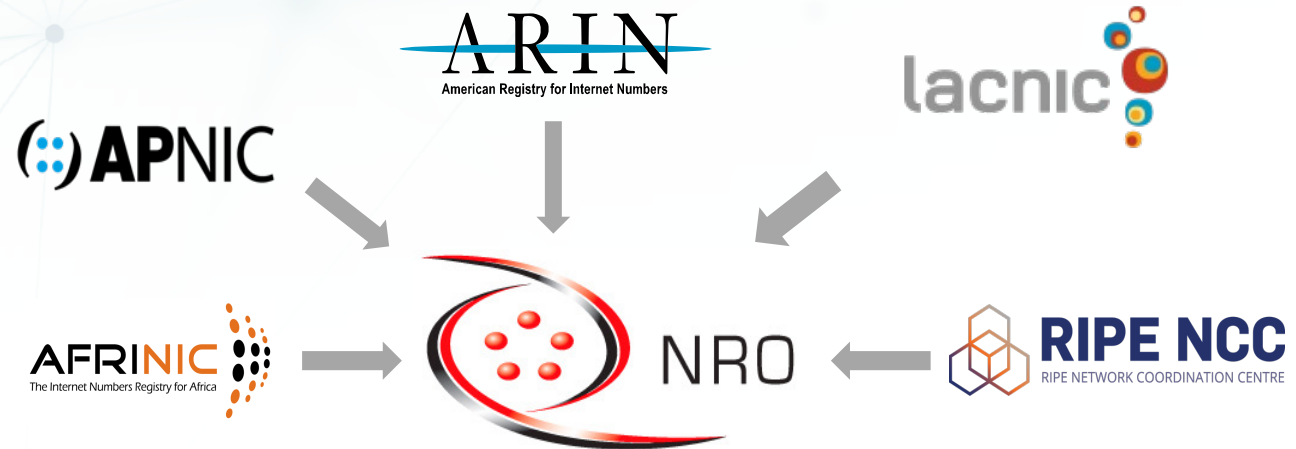
**Membership**

- Such as Internet service providers (ISPs), Telecom organizations, academia governments and corporations

**Community**

- Community develops policies
- Open and transparent

## Number Resource Organization (NRO)



### - Mission

- To coordinate and support joint activities of the Regional Internet Registries (RIRs) to provide and promote the Joint Internet Numbers Registry

### - Vision

- To be the flagship and global leader for collaborative Internet number resource management as a central element of an open, stable and secure Internet



## Number Resource Organization

- NRO MoU, 24 Oct 2003
- Addendum signed in July 2020 which include the below agreements:
  - Not to take action that would violate Internet Number Registry System (INRS) uniqueness.
  - To take effective measures to promote Internet INRS.
  - To publish INRS entries publicly, so as to enable timely global Internet operations.
  - To cooperate together in the provision of consistent, effective global INRS

<https://www.nro.net>

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- **Number Resource Organization**
- **NRO Executive committee**
  - Oscar Robles (Chair) - LACNIC
  - John Curran (Vice Chair – Secretary) - ARIN
  - Hans Petter Holen (Treasurer) – RIPE NCC
  - Paul Wilson – APNIC
  - *Vacant* - AFRINIC
- **NRO Permanent Secretariat**
  - Hosted by APNIC
  - Executive Secretary: German Valdez – Based in APNIC
  - Consultant: Laureana Pavon – Based in LACNIC

## NRO Publications

### - Global Internet Number Statistics

- Internet Number Resources Status Report (updated quarterly)
- Global stats on IPv4, IPv6, ASN (updated daily)
- RPKI Adoption Reports by IPv4, IPv6, economy (updated daily)
- <https://www.nro.net/statistics>

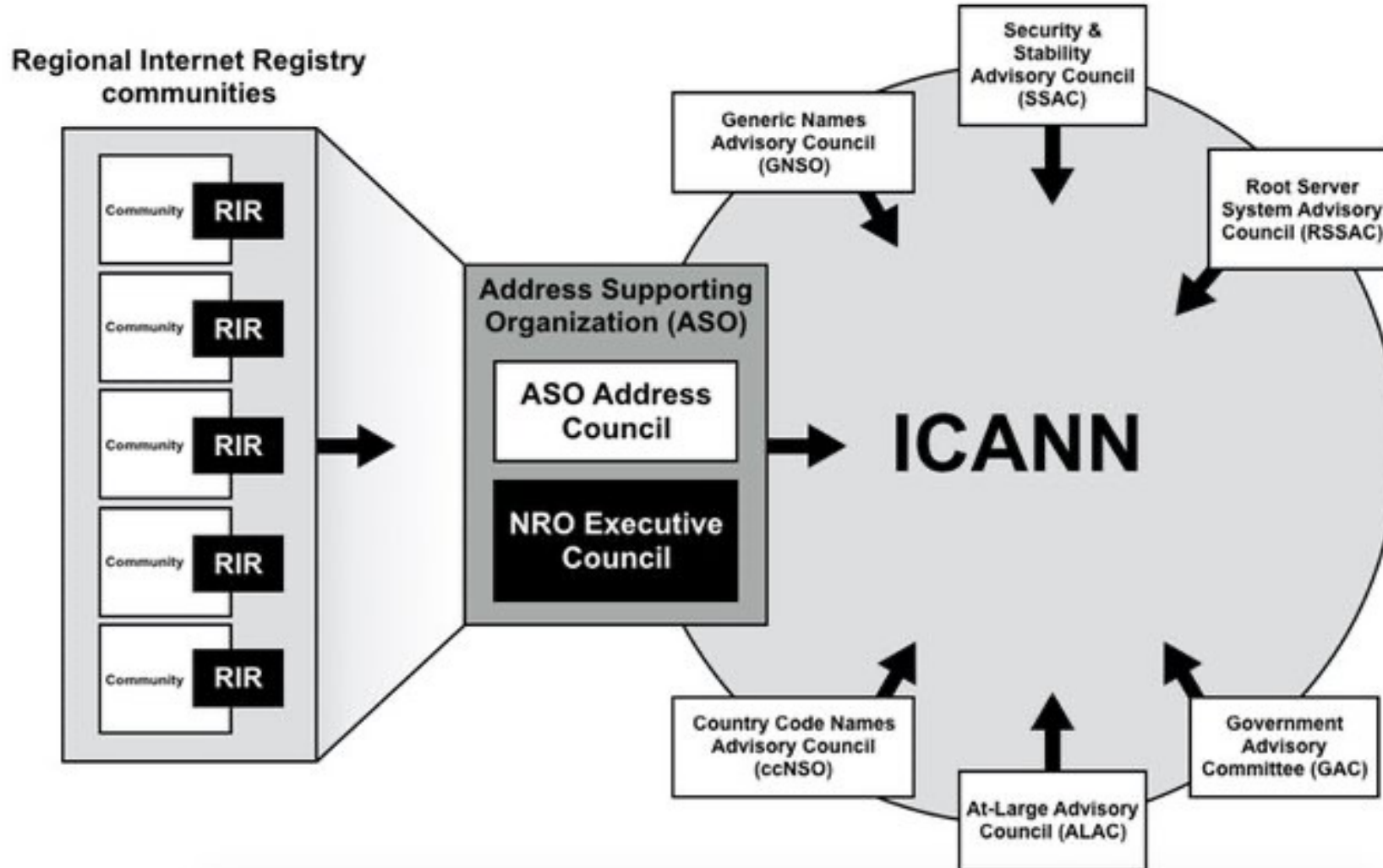
### - Comparative Policy Overview

- Updated quarterly
- Information on RIRs Membership policies (access to delegation and registration services)
- <https://www.nro.net/rir-comparative-policy-overview>






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## ASO in the ICANN Structure



## 2024 Address Council Members

REGION	Member	Term
 <p><b>AFRINIC</b> The Internet Numbers Registry for Africa</p>	Vacant	
 <p><b>APNIC</b></p>	Gaurav Kansal <b>Nicole Chan* [Vice Chair]</b> Di Ma	Jan 2023 – 31 Dec 2024 Jan 2024 – 31 Dec 2024 Jan 2024 – 31 Dec 2025
 <p><b>ARIN</b> American Registry for Internet Numbers</p>	Kevin Blumberg* Nick Nugent Chris Quesada	Jan 2024 – 31 Dec 2026 Jan 2023 – 31 Dec 2025 Jan 2022 – 31 Dec 2024
 <p><b>lacnic</b></p>	Esteban Lescano* Jorge Villa <b>Ricardo Patara [Vice Chair]</b>	Apr 2023 – 31 Mar 2024 Jan 2024 – 31 Dec 2026 Jan 2022 – 31 Dec 2024
 <p><b>RIPE NCC</b> RIPE NETWORK COORDINATION CENTRE</p>	Constanze Bürger Sander Steffann <b>Hervé Clément* [Chair]</b>	Dec 2023 – 31 Dec 2025 Jan 2022 – 31 Dec 2024 Jan 2024 – 31 Dec 2026

## Summary ASO & NRO

- **ASO – Address Supporting Organisation** is a part of the ICANN Structure
- **NRO – Number Resource Organisation**
  - Serving as the coordinating mechanism of the RIRs to act collectively
  - Serves as the Address Supporting Organisation
- **ASO Address Council** (role filled by NRO Numbers Council)
  - Oversees Global Policy Development Process
  - Appoint ICANN board members
  - Advice ICANN Board
- **NRO Executive Council**
  - The NRO Executive Council represents the NRO in all matters.

# Internet Number Resources

**IPv4, IPv6, Autonomous System Numbers (ASNs)**

## Internet Protocol (IP) Addresses

- **IP address** – unique numerical address assigned to every device connected to a TCP/IP network that facilitates moving data across the network
  - **IPv4**
    - 32-bit addresses; written in dotted decimal
    - $2^{32} = \sim 4.4$  billion
    - e.g. 205.150.58.7
  - **IPv6**
    - 128-bit addresses; written in hexadecimal
    - $2^{128} = \sim 50$  octillion for each of the roughly 6.5 billion people alive
    - e.g. 2001:0503:0C27:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000



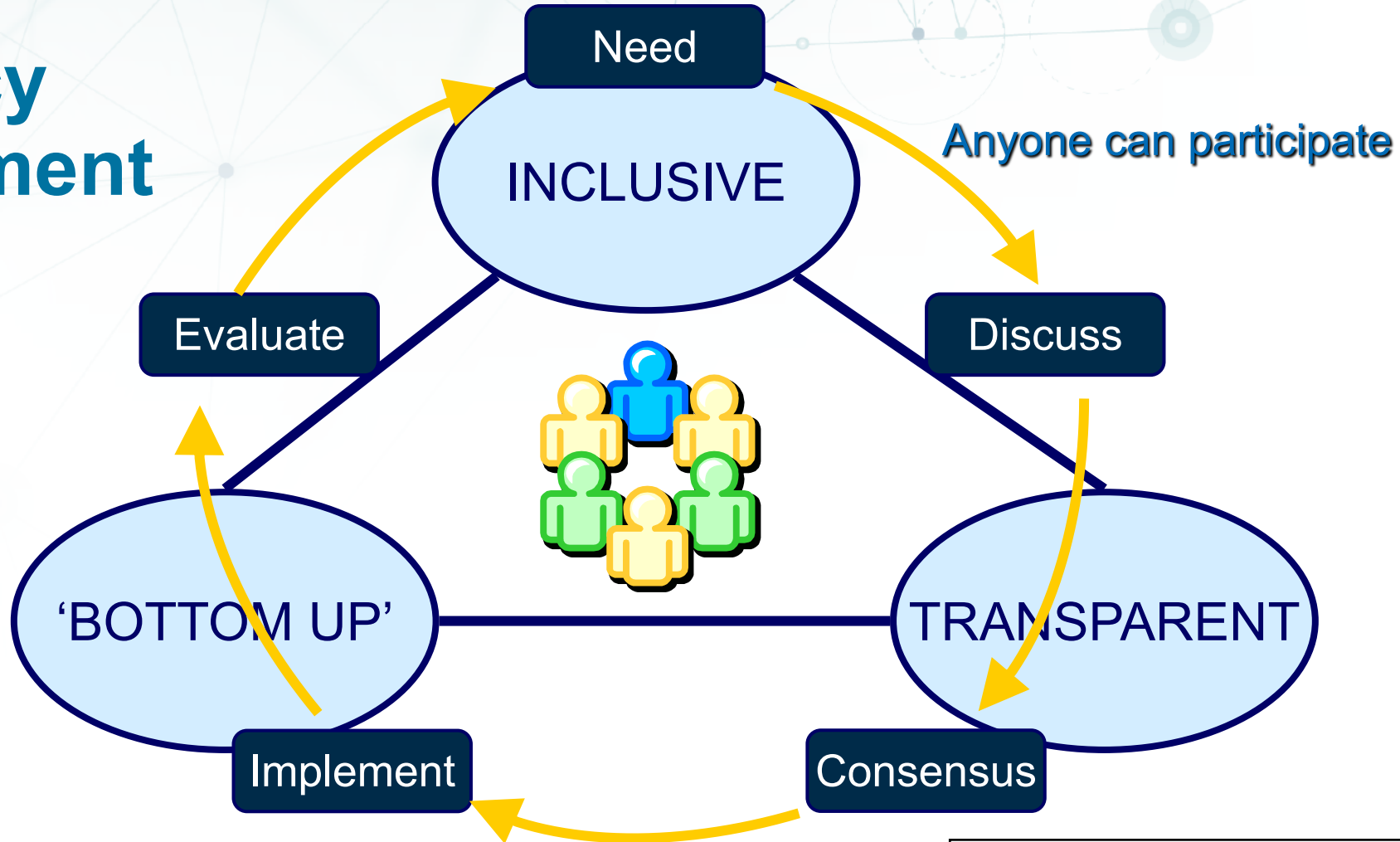
## Autonomous System Numbers (ASNs)

- Globally unique numbers used to exchange routing information between neighboring autonomous systems (AS) and to identify the AS itself
  - An **autonomous system** is a group of IP networks administered under the umbrella of a single entity
  - **Routing** is the act of moving information (packets) across an internetwork from a source to a destination
  - Network operators must have an **ASN** to control routing within their networks and to exchange routing information with other Internet Service Providers (ISPs)

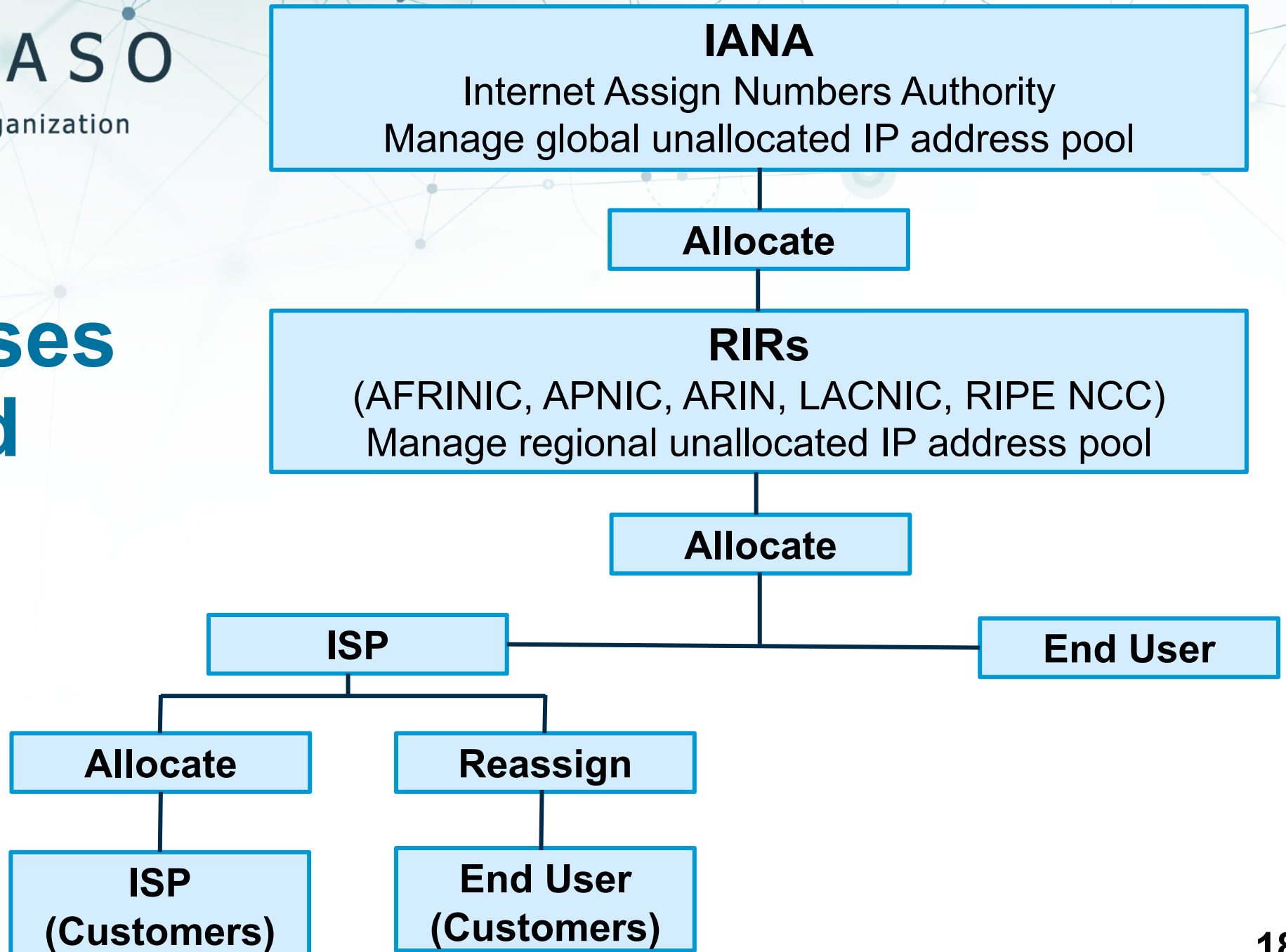
## IP Addresses are *Not* Domain Names

- IP Address [Identifier] – e.g. **192.128.10.0**
  - Computers recognize *numbers*
  - Unique number identifies computer on Internet
  - Used for routing (moving information across an inter-network from a source to a destination)
  - Every device directly connected to the Internet requires the use of a unique IP address
- DNS Name [Reference] - e.g. **www.nro.net**
  - People recognize *names*
  - Maps host name to unique IP address
  - A means of storing and retrieving information about hostnames and IP addresses in a distributed data base

## RIR Policy Development Process



## How IP Addresses Are Issued



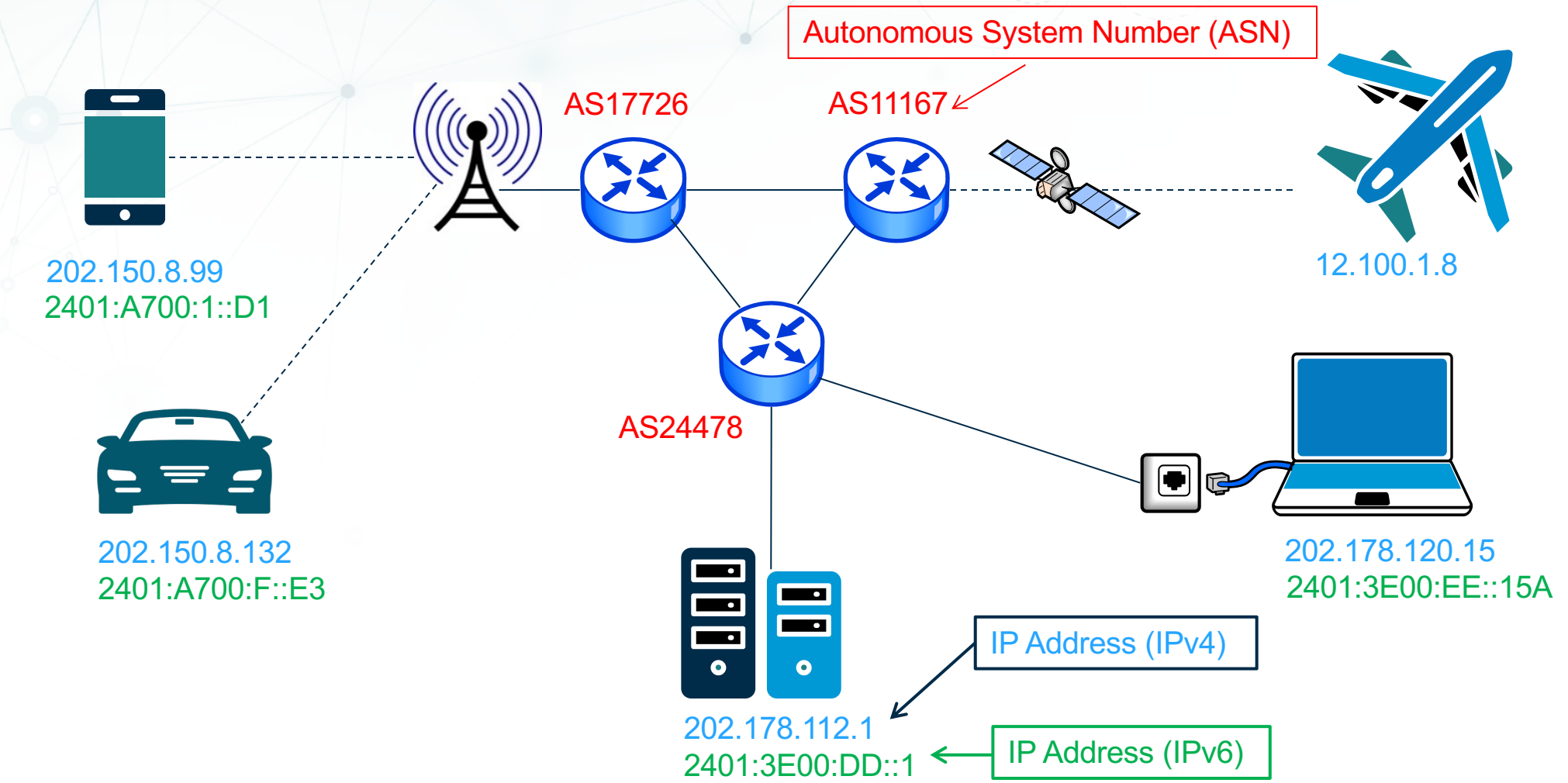
A background network diagram with light blue lines connecting various nodes. Some nodes are highlighted with larger circles, and some connections are shown as dashed lines.

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# Routing

## Networks That Use Standard Protocols



# Development since IPv4 Depletion

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## Global IPv4 Depletion at IANA – Feb 2011

Each RIR received its last /8 IPv4 address block from IANA on 3 February 2011

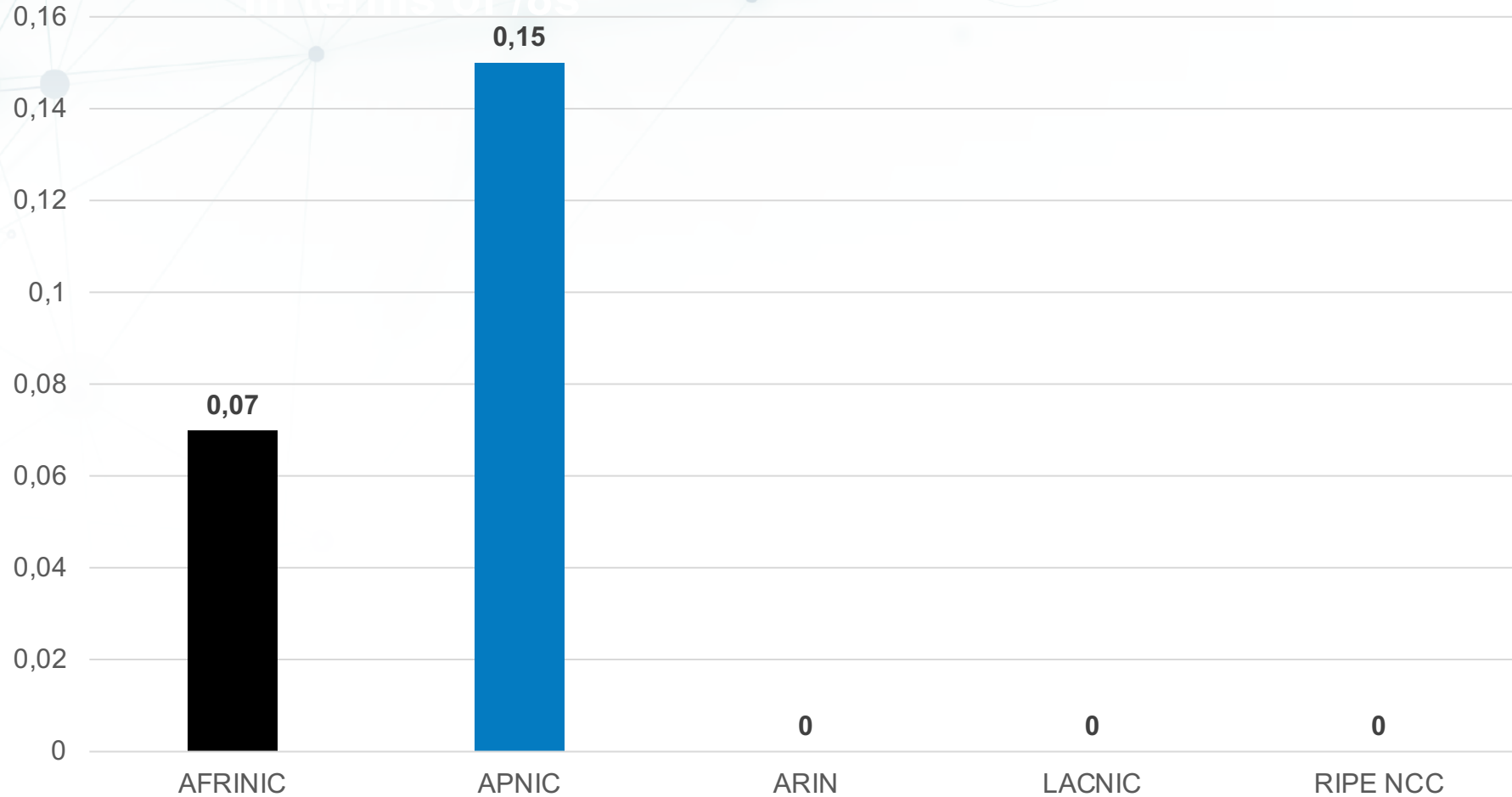




## Available IPv4 Space in each RIR

In terms of /8s

- Measured in /8s



As of 12/23

## Post IPv4 Depletion

- **Movement to IPv6 has been steady**
  - ISPs rolling out IPv6
  - Steady increase in IPv6 traffic
  - Increase in IPv6 requests
- **Still high demand for IPv4**
  - All RIRs still receiving significant number of IPv4 requests
  - Customers increasingly turning to the IPv4 market for address space
  - Increase in fraudulent requests for IPv4 space
    - Submitting falsified business records, personal ID documents, etc.

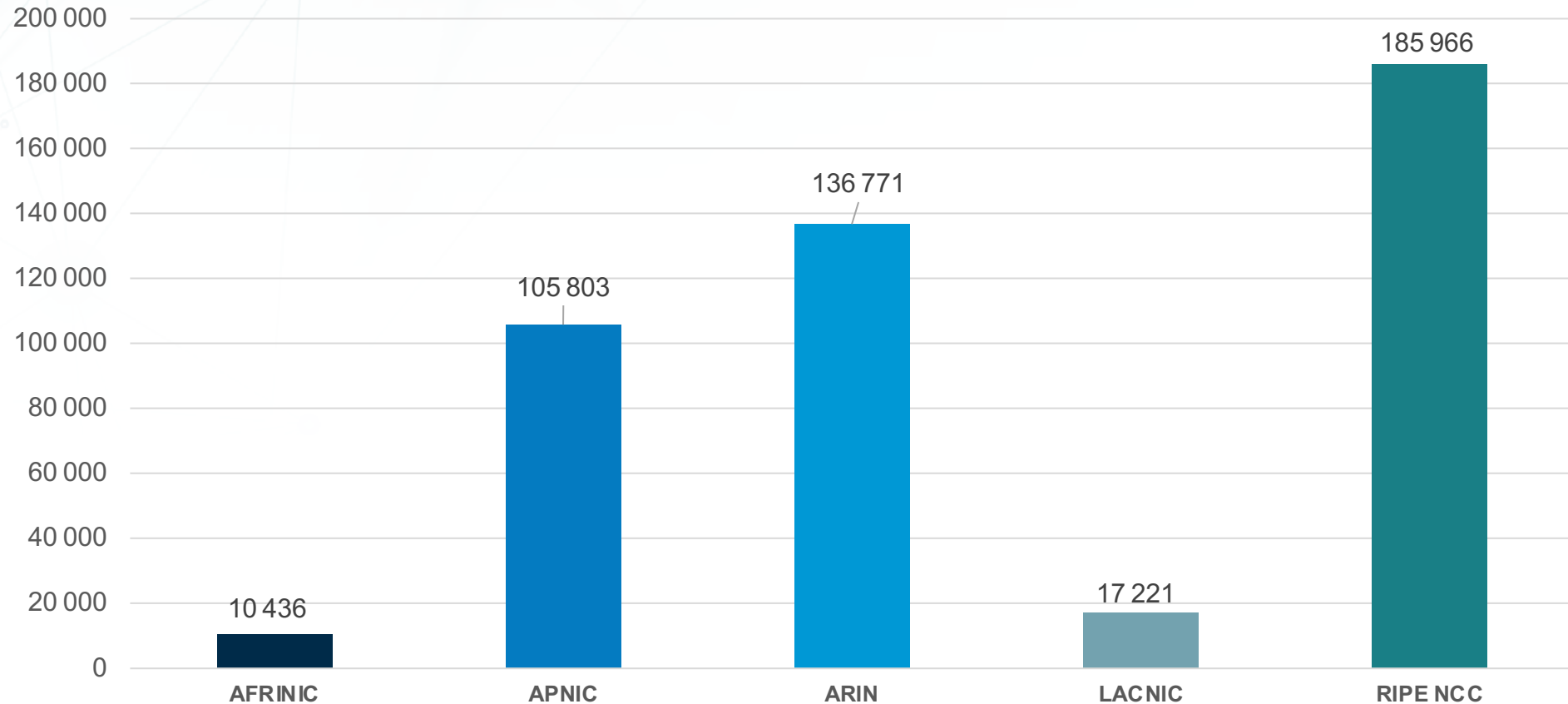


## IPv6 Deployment

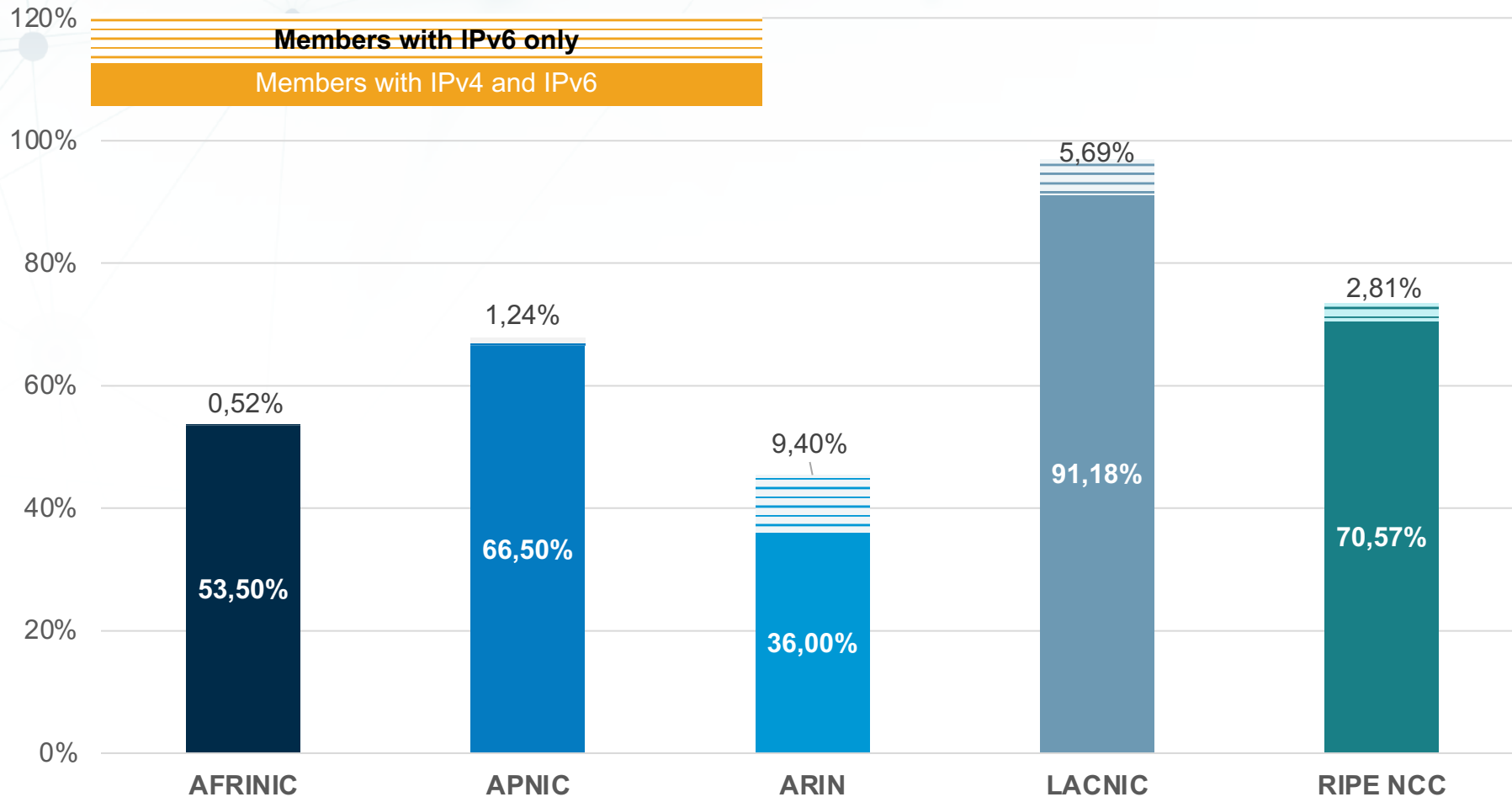
- Per ISOC, in 2023 the rate of IPv6 deployment increased the most it has since 2018, growing from 34% to 39% globally
  - IPv6 deployment has risen an average of 3.5% each year since December 2017
- Google IPv6 statistics show ~40% of global Internet traffic is over IPv6
- APNIC Labs says most significant gains were measured in Asia Pacific region
  - IPv6 deployment across Asia increased from 37.2% at the end of 2022 to 42.3% at the end of 2023
  - Across the same time, Oceania increased from 31.9% to 37.2%

## Total IPv6 Space Currently Allocated

- Total IPv6 space (in /32s) each RIR has allocated as of 12/23



## Percentage of Members with IPv6

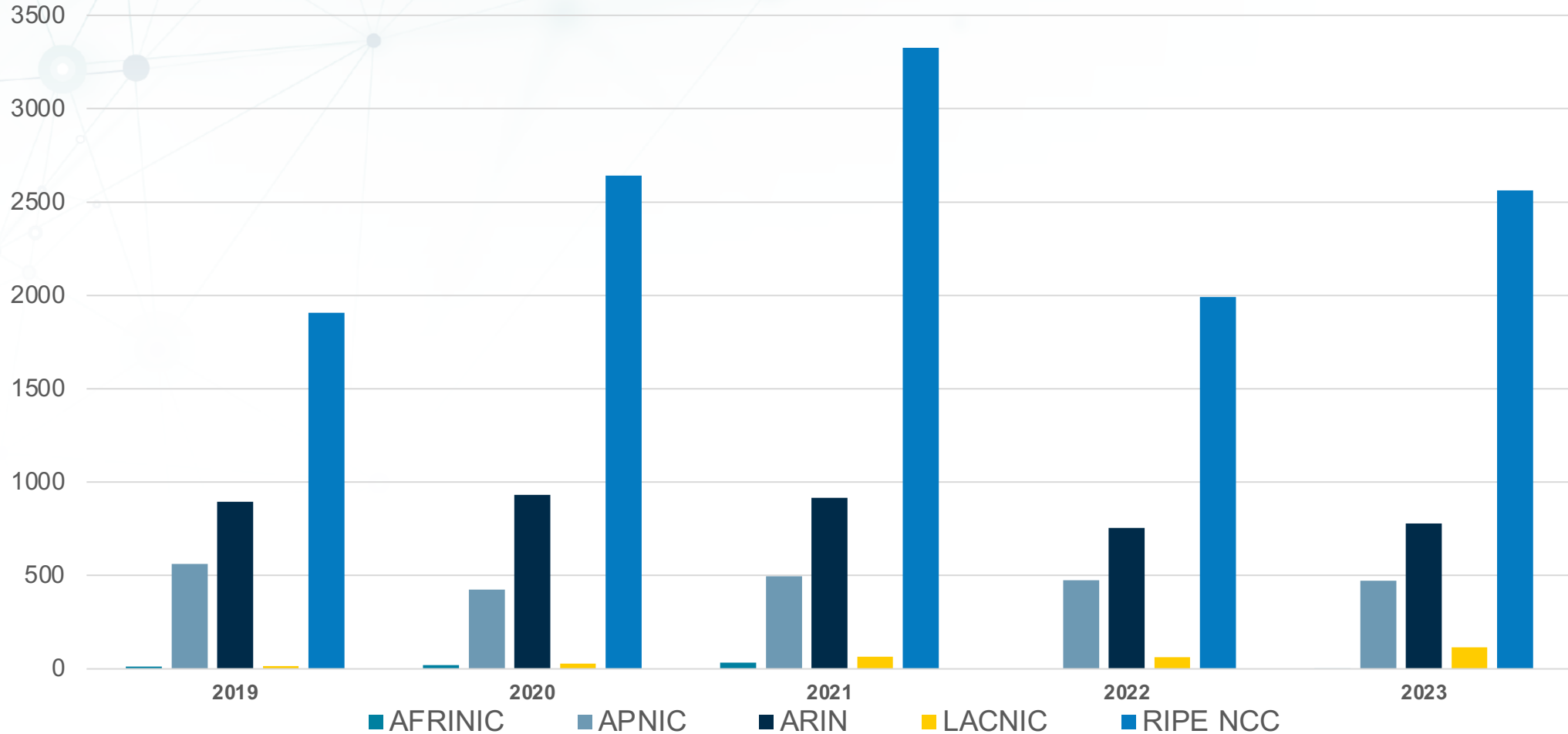


## IPv4 Transfer Market

- Developed due to on-going demand for rapidly depleting IPv4 addresses
  - Necessitated RIR policy changes
  - Choices were:
    - Facilitate IPv4 market transfers, ensure accurate registry data
    - Watch a black market emerge with no registry interaction
- Needs-based IPv4 market transfer policies developed by communities
  - Allowed IPv4 holders to transfer space to qualified recipients
- RIR's role
  - Ensure compliance with needs-based policies
  - Maintain the accuracy of the registry
    - RIRs not privy to any financial transaction information between parties

## Intra-RIR IPv4 Transfers

- Number of transfers per year as of 12/23



## Inter-RIR IPv4 Transfers

- Total number of IPv4 transfers between RIRs as of 12/23

# of transfers
# of addresses transferred

### Recipient RIR

### Source RIR

	AFRINIC	APNIC	ARIN	LACNIC	RIPE NCC
AFRINIC		0	0	0	0
APNIC	0		159 1.32M	5 .00743M	341 2.363M
ARIN	0	468 19.67M		25 .026M	576 19.44M
LACNIC	0	1 .002M	21 .055M		29 .054M
RIPE NCC	0	140 2.524M	230 4.074M	10 .008M	



# Resource Public Key Infrastructure

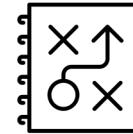
## Why is RPKI Important?



Establishes a **level of trust** that the RPKI information is authentic and is confirmed coming from the authorized holder of the resources

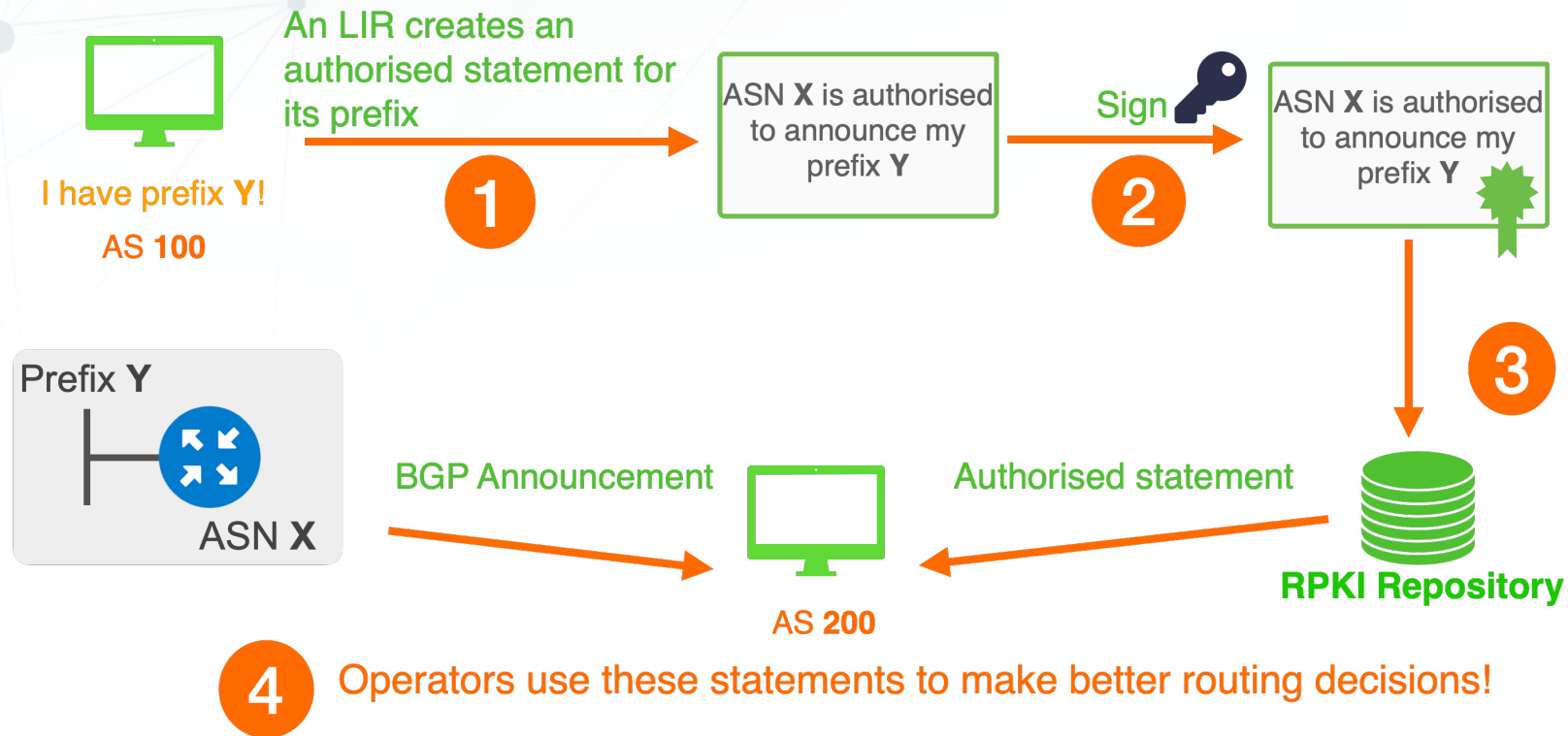


The RPKI gives network operators a **method to make better judgments** on which is the valid source (origin) of a route announcement



RPKI can **limit the impact** of a configuration mistake or nefarious activity of a bad actor

## Resource Public Key Infrastructure (RPKI)



## RPKI RIR Adoption

**% of IP address space covered by RPKI certificates as of 12 Feb 2024**

REGION	IPv4 ADOPTION	IPv6 ADOPTION
AFRINIC	28.65	7.89
APNIC	34.75	23.63
ARIN	31.42	63.23
LACNIC	50.31	49.38
RIPE NCC	66.48	38.18

<https://ftp.ripe.net/pub/stats/ripencc/nro-adoption/latest/rir-adoption.txt>

## For More Information

**APNIC**

- <https://www.apnic.net>

**AFRINIC**

- <https://www.afrinic.net>

**RIPE NCC**

- <https://www.ripe.net>

**ARIN**

- <https://www.arin.net>

**LACNIC**

- <https://www.lacnic.net>



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